

inside **THIS ISSUE:**





Animal emotions: Happy, do you know it?





The amazing world: How animals see



To the rescue: **Saving Cesky**

- **3** Humane Hero
- Curiosity corner
- Where's Raja? Find Raja, from The **Restricted Adventures** of Raja app, hidden in Kind News.

Special cover art courtesy of The Gryphon Press. Visit www.thegryphonpress.com, and see page 5 for more from this publisher's humanethemed books!



Have you ever gotten a reward for doing something well, like a "Super" sticker on a school paper? You may have wanted to do it again to get another one. This is called positive reinforcement, and it's a powerful tool for training dogs. Here's how to use it:

- Start with easy things like "Sit." Asking a dog to "Sit" comes in handy when a dog is going after your food or jumping on a visitor.
- 2. Use a treat to get your dog's attention. Ask her to "Sit," and stand with a treat until your dog decides to take a rest and sit. You can try lifting your hand with the treat slowly up, and if the dog's eyes and head follow the treat, this sometimes makes a dog naturally sit.
- **3.** Reward right away. Timing is important. *As soon as the dog's* bottom hits the ground, give a treat. Show your happiness with a kind word in a high-pitched voice. Sometimes this is more of a reward for a dog than a treat! You can do this with housetraining, too, asking your dog to "Go potty," and rewarding as soon as she finishes going to the bathroom outside.
- 4. Be consistent. That means everyone in the family should follow the same rules and commands, every time.

Share these tips with your family. Use them with other behaviors like "Stay" and "Down." Have fun with it, and soon all your positive reinforcement will add up to a lot of good behavior!

SUBSCRIBE TO OUR **NEW KIDS' YOUTUBE** CHANNEL, REDROVER REPORTERS, TO WATCH FUN ANIMAL VIDEOS, INCLUDING THOSE MADE BY OUR JUNIOR **ADVISORY BOARD!**

MUTTS

Patrick McDonnell

Distributed by King Features Syndicate, Inc. © 2018 Patrick McDonnell

muttscomics.com

MUTTS by Patrick McDonnell









Aubreys

Last May, brave fire, police, and emergency medical workers pulled seven Labrador Retrievers out of a house fire in Indiana. They had breathed in smoke and needed life-saving oxygen from special masks made just for dogs.

Aubrey Brosnan's California town didn't have this equipment for her dog Marley and other pets—vet. She decided to dedicate her Bat Mitzvah—a Jewish celebration when she turned 13—to raise money for six pet oxygen mask sets for her local fire stations. Each \$70 set includes three different size masks.

To raise the funds, Aubrey set out baking cupcakes, brownies, and bread. She asked friends, family, and neighbors for donations. "People were very supportive of my bake sales," she says. "Almost everyone I encountered helped out, and everyone told me how awesome it was that I was helping out the community."

When she totaled the funds, it was enough to buy ten mask sets! Aubrev delivered them herself. "The firemen and women were so **ecstatic**," she says. "They even gave me and my family a tour of the engines. It was super cool."

What does she say to other young people who want to help animals? "Talk to your parents and family about it. Doing things with other people is much easier and more fun than being alone. Make a goal you want to set for yourself, think about what you want to achieve and the steps you need to take to make it happen.

Anyone can spark change."

Tell us how you've been helping animals! Send photos and details to KindNews@RedRover.org or mail to:

HUMANE HEROES c/o Kind News, RedRover PO Box 188890, Sacramento, CA 95818



Most scientists agree that animals experience basic emotions like happiness, sadness, fear, and anger or aggression, but we all know emotions are not that simple. For example, there are lots of happy emotions, from peaceful to excited.

Not all human emotions show up clearly in our facial expressions; sometimes people can express them better through words. Animals of course can't talk, so they can't tell us how they feel. Do you think animals feel all these kinds of happy emotions? Circle the ones you think would be hard or nearly impossible to tell if an animal is feeling.

How Emotion-Wise Are You?

Do you recognize these words and know when you feel these happy, positive emotions? Check them off as you go.

□ Interested	☐ Ecstatic	□ Valued	☐ Peaceful	☐ Playful
☐ Curious	☐ Excited	Respected	☐ Content	☐ Open
☐ Successful	☐ Eager	☐ Fulfilled	Loving	☐ Sensitive
☐ Confident	☐ Energetic	□ Courageous	☐ Hopeful	□ Optimistic
☐ Amused	☐ Creative	☐ Powerful	☐ Trusting	☐ Inspired
☐ Joyful	☐ Accepted	☐ Proud	☐ Thankful	☐ Free

How did you do? _____/30

26-30: **Emotion Ace:** When it comes to recognizing positive emotions, you're a star! Being able to identify emotions in yourself and others is an important first step to feeling empathy for others.

20-25: **Positive Pal:** You are well on your way to recognizing positive emotions!

Keep working hard to learn new emotion words and identify when you're feeling them.

10-19: **Eager to Learn:** You can identify a few positive emotions, but there are a lot more you can learn about! Underline the words you want to learn about the most and talk to a trusted friend or adult about what they mean and what it's like to feel that way.

Below 10: **Ready to Start:** Even though you don't recognize many of these emotion words yet, you are on the right track by taking this quiz and learning about them! Take some time to look up these words in the dictionary, and underline the ones that you have questions about. Ask a

trusted adult or friend what they mean and what it's like to feel that way.

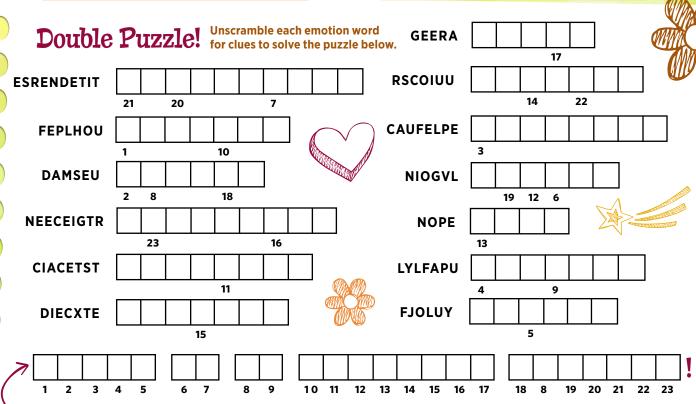
Circle the kind of happy you think each animal most likely feels in the picture:













other animals do not have.



Many animals, including humans, have cells in their eves that sense light. Cone cells are responsible for color and day vision. Rod cells are for night vision, and they help eyes see motion.

Cats have great night vision because they have six to eight times more rods in their eyes than people have. They also have a pupil with an elliptical shape that allows it to change shape faster than human pupils. This means cats' eyes can adjust to a bright or dark room much more quickly than us! Dogs also have more rod cells in their eyes, and

both cats and dogs are better at detecting fast motion than people.

There's a connection between animals' vision and survival in their habitats. Camels have three eyelids to protect their eyes from sand in the desert. Eagles can see eight times as far as humans, allowing them to focus on prey up to two miles away!





The short answer is yes. But because they don't have as many cones in their eyes as people, cats likely can't see color the way most humans do. This may be because the human retina, the back part of the eye, has about 10 times more cone cells, the cells that pick up bright light. But we don't know for sure what color looks like for cats! Some scientists believe that cats can only see blues, grays, and maybe some green; others think the colors may just not be as bright.

"Raja Book 3," the final conclusion to The Restricted Adventures of Raja series will be available in March!

Download "Raja Book 1" and "Raja Book 2" to read about my mission to save planet Earth and how I end up turning into a cat!







CRITTER CLUES

- I can be wild or domesticated raised by people.
- When domesticated, I enjoy being with people.
- I can't see very well. I use my other senses, like smell, to find food.
- 4 I can be trained to sniff out landmines, which saves many lives!
- **5** I use my tail for balance.

- My teeth never stop growing. To keep them from growing too long, I chew all kinds of things, from plastic to concrete.
- A group of me is called a mischief.
- I have a great memory.
 I can learn my name and come when it is called!

WHAT AM !? _____

ANSWER: IN THE NEIGH-BORHOOD Jan/Feb 2019 | 7

To the **RESCUE!**



Plastic trash can end up in the ocean and around the necks of marine animals, like Cesky the sea lion!



Meet Cesky

When The Marine
Mammal Center got a
call about a sea lion
lying helplessly on a
California beach, they
sent volunteers right
away. A plastic packing
strap from a shipping
box clung tightly around
her neck. She also had
scars from being tangled
in fishing line.

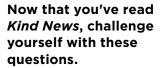
The volunteers brought the sea lion back to The Center's hospital in Sausalito. Veterinarians did an operation to remove the packing strap. They gave her medicine to help her wounds heal, and fed her plenty of fish to get her to a normal weight. They named her Cesky. After



three and a half weeks, she was ready to go back home to the sea!

"Cesky was a fighter," says
Adam Ratner, The Center's Guest
Experience Manager. "We're so
excited we could give her a second
chance and get her back to the
ocean happy and healthy." The
Center gave her a tag so that if she
is found again, they'll know it's her.
"We're hoping we don't see her
again," says Adam, "or if we do, it's
a report of her looking really good
on a beach somewhere on the
California coast."

Kind Questions



- 1. The less plastic people use—bags, bottles, and plastic straws—the less that can get into the ocean and endanger sea lions like Cesky! Ask your family, "How can we use less plastic?" Make a list of the ideas and post in your home!
- 2. Adam Ratner, The Center's Guest Experience Manager, says they were so excited to get her back to the ocean and, "We're hoping we don't see her again." Why do you think he feels this way? What are the emotions you would feel if you saw Cesky on the beach, nursed her back to health, and then released her back to her home in the wild?



#SPREADKINDNEWS!

Purchase a gift subscription for a child in your life or a classroom! **Go to KindNews.org**.

